NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 21, 1897.-TWELVE PAGES.

MADE MAD BY IDLENESS. SEVEN CONVICTS AT CROW HILL DE-CLARED INSANE.

TWO MORE CASES TO BE DECIDED UPON-THE EFFECT OF THE ABOLITION OF CON-

TRACT CONVICT LABOR.

idleness which have been necessary with the convicts in the Kings County Penitentiary because of the law against contract convict labor, seven convicts have been officially declared insane, and two more are said to be mentally unbalanced. The seven follow:

CARROLL, James, Westchester County; assault.
CLARKE, Patrick, Brooklyn; one year for robbery.
EAST, John W., United States prisoner from Virginia four years.

HALL, John, United States prisoner from Florida; three years for robbing a postoffice.

LOOMIS, George, Brooklyn; one year and \$500 fine for manufacturing hurgiars' tools, TAYLOR, Harry, Brooklyn; ninety days for vagrancy,

ZELUF, Henry, Staten Island. All of these prisoners have been declared insane by Dr. W. H. Bates and Dr. J. J. O'Connell, the commission appointed by the County Court to examine into the sanity of prisoners. Two more convicts, it is said, will be declared

insane within a few days The five Federal, State and county prisoners whose names are given above will be sent to-day to the State Asylum for insane convicts at Matteawan. The authorities in Washington have been informed of the condition of the Federal prisoners, and an order for their removal is ex-

uary 1 last abolished the system by which the labor of prisoners was let out by contract. Under the system the Kings County Penitentiary was self-supporting and the prisoners received regular daily employment. Their days beinwholesomely occupied with working, eating and sleeping, their minds and bodies were kept in a fairly wholesome condition. Since the introducchange for the worse. The Tribune has from time to time told of the efforts of the Brooklyn Commissioners of Charities and Corrections to provide employment for their charges in the Crow Hill institution. They were urged to this not only by their fears that enforced idleness in stone cells would shatter the mental and physical health of the prisoners, but by the pitiful pleading of the prisoners themselves, who begged that they might have some sort of employment to aid them in hastening the passage of the at

Many obstacles have prevented the introduction of a penitentiary school, and at the best Warden Hayes has succeeded in keeping only an average of three hundred a day, out of the seven hundred inmates, at anything worthy of the name of employment. The rest of the prisorers have had trotting and arm-swinging exerclees, which last for an hour or so each day, and do, to a certain extent, supply the need of the human body for exercise. But the remaining hours of the twenty-four are passed in the cells.

It is the usual thing for a small percentage system of daily labor, but two of the Charities Commissioners vesterday declared to a Tribune reporter that this record of nine within a few months is unprecedented, and could be accounted for only by the fact of the greater confinement and their inability to develop by wholesome work an appetite for the prison fare and the kind of weariness that brings nature's re-

MANY MORE CASES EXPECTED It is feared that this is only the beginning of

something worse. Many other prisoners than those that have passed the limit of sanity begin to have the dulness of eye and the inability to eat or sleep that portends mental dissolution.

vagaries of the insane prisoners are too horrible and repulsive to print. The strangest case is that of Loomis, who is altogether a strange sort of individual. Loomis is about twenty-five years old, and will be remembered as the man who was arrested by the police something more than a year ago while walking along the street with a bag filled with burglars' tools. It was finally proved that he was a manufacturer of cracks men's outfits, and he was sent up for a year and ordered to pay a fine of \$500. This fine he

is now working out. He was a man of great ingenulty, as was shown by the clever manner in which he opened the safe in the District-Attorney's office, and that his operations were the result of keen brains as well as deft fingers is shown by a remark he made while in prison to Commissioner John H Burtis, Mr. Burtis expressed surprise at his ability in opening safes, when Loomis said dryly:

"Any safe that was ever put together can be taken apart."

And now Loomis has an idea that he is sitting in the electric chair, and that the deadly current is about to be turned on. Every time he sees Commissioner Burtis he pleads with him for a reprieve of six days.

"All you've got to do is to turn on the current," he said the other day. "But I will be ready in six days. Can't you give me six days." 'I'll give you thirty," replied the Commissioner

to humor him.
"No, six days are all I want. I know I am a bad and bloody fellow, and I want to write my history. I can do that in six days, and then I am ready for the current."

The man's wife visits him occasionally, but this does not help him. He looks wild-eyed and

Taylor attempted to take his life a week ago by breaking a bottle and sawing his throat with the broken glass. He talks at random and Clark cannot sleep because he thinks every-

Clark cannot sleep because he thinks every-body is trying to get into his cell to kill him. Zeluf has a queer hallucination. He thinks that all the other prisoners of his wing of the building have fastened looking-glasses in their cells so that the light is reflected on him. This focusing of many streams of light on him he believes is burning him up, and his poor fevered body and brain will not rest or lose conscious-ness pixtly or day.

ness night or day.

Commissioner Burtls yesterday declined to talk with a reporter. He did say this, however:

"The same condition exists in the other prisons of the State as here. I think Sing Sing will be a lunatic asylum within a few months.

INTERPRETING THE NEW LAW.

The Anti-Convict Labor law provides that "the State, or the colitical divisions thereof," must buy goods manufactured in the State and

"the State, or the collical divisions thereof, must buy goods manufactured in the State and county penal institutions whenever it is certified to the proper officers of the State or its political divisions that such goods are being manufactured. About fifty men have been engaged in the shops manufacturing goods that might be used in the city departments. The Charities Commissioners recently sent a communication to the heads of city departments setting forth the various goods the prison was prepared to supply.

The only order that was received was a small one from the Police Department. Corporation Counsel Burr of Brooklyn was at first of the opinion that the departments did not have to buy from the Charities Department unless it could supply at once all of a given article that was required. But it is now understood that Mr. Burr no longer holds this to be the law in the case. But he has raised a new point. When the Commissioners of Charities, several days ago, asked the head of a department if he was going to buy supplies made by convicts, this officer told them that Mr. Burr advised him that this law did not apply to cities, as cities were not "political divisions of the State."

This point which Mr. Burr has raised is one of great importance to the people of the entire State. It was the belief before the point was raised that the cities would be the largest buyers of prison goods.

FOUND HIS MASTER'S BODY.

TRACED HIS DEAD OWNER TO A MORGUE.

One of the most pathetic features of the accidental killing of Pasquale Siciliano, an Italian tailor, at Linwood-st. and Atlantic-ave., Brooklyn, on Monday night by a Rockaway Beach train on the Long Island Railroad was the devotion of a big white bulldog with one brindle eye, evidently belonging to Siciliano, and which, judging from a number of fresh cuts on his body, was hit by the omotive which killed his master. Probably master and dog were trying to get across the track at

Siciliano's body was taken to Deininger's undertaking rooms, in Van Sicklen-ave,, a mile away. It was some time after the body was placed in the that the undertaker and the policemen who took the body there noticed the buildog hobbling along the street, bleeding from several cuts. Every few steps the dog stopped and sniffed, and then resumed his walk toward the morgue. As he neared it he quickend his gait, and seemed to lose some of his stiffness. Stopping in front of the door of the morgue, he whined piteously, and Louis Bader, the manager, came to the door and tried to scare him off. He did not go, but rather forced

his way closer to the door,
"I guess the dog must belong to the dead man," said Bader to one of the policemen. He opened the door a few inches, and the dog bolted through it in an instant, and then scrambled up three or four steps to a door leading to the morgue-room. Here he began whining again. The door was opened, and the big brute, with a bound, sprang for the leebox containing the body of Siciliano. He pawed the box and howled loudly. Then he became suddenly savage, and would allow no one to go near the icebox.

age, and would allow no one to go near the leebox. The hair bristled on the back of the dog's neck, his body became rigid, and the blood ran all the more freely from his cuts.

He was finally forced away from the leebox and on to the sidewalk. He waked around to the back of the morgue, in Liberty-ave., and, taking up his vigil there, remained all night. The policemen who had witnessed all this became much interested, and tried various devices to coax him away, but they did not succeed.

The dog finally set up such a hideous howling that Mr. Bader was compelled by his neighbors to go to the Seventeenth Frecinct Police Station for the police. A number of them came, and after a struggle carried the dog off to the station, where he is at present. Yesterday Sergeant Hamer and others made friends with the disconsolate dog, and got meat for him. He refused to eat, but lapped from a dish of cold water.

Siciliano was a prosperous tailor, doing business in Woodhaven. On his person were found certificates of deposit for \$575, besides a diamond stud. Siciliano's body was identified by a man from Woodhaven, who said he lived at No. 67 East Tenth-st. New-York, and was a young men of good character.

PRIESTS FRIGHTEN THIEVES AWAY.

BURGLARS ENTER A RECTORY IN METUCHEN AND OVERLOOK CONSIDERABLE BOOTY.

New-Brunswick, July 20 (Special).-Metuchen was visited by burglars last night and six houses were At the rectory of St. Francis's Catholic Church, of which the Rev. John Lawrence is pastor, the Rev. Michael O'Donnell, of Keyport, and the Rev. Patrick Cantwell, of Long Branch, Fathers Lawrence and O'Donnell occupied the same bedroom. At about 3 o'clock Father O'Donnell was awakened by a noise in the He saw somebody reaching up to a clothes rack after three waistcoats which hung on the pegs. The priest shouted, "Get out there," and the man passed the bed and retreated into an adjoining room, where a lamp was burning. Lawrence, who had been awakened, leaped from the bed to the washstand and secured a revolver. He ran into the sitting-room, but the door leading into the vestibule was shut. The priests think that there were three men, for, later, muddy tracks were found on the porch and different trails over the grass on the lawn. Entrance had been gained through a window opening upon the porch. The burglars stole a gold watch, chain and charm belonging to Father O'Donnell. In the same room were another watch and chain, \$200 in bills and a golden chalice valued at \$100.

The waistcoats belonging to the priests were this The waistcoats belonging to the priests were this morning found on a fence near the rectory. The house of Dr. A. C. Hunt was entered and a pocketbook containing \$10 and a railroad pass were stolen. The pocketbook, minus the money, was later found in the house of Samuel Glenfield, where the burglars had left it. At Mr. Glenfield's house three gold rings belonging to Miss Jennie Glenfield were stolen. Attempts to enter the houses of Professor Anderson, Principal of the Metuchen School, and Robert C. Kennedy were also made.

RATCLIFFE SEEKS HIS WIFE.

AN ORDER FOR DR. LYON TO EXPLAIN WHY HE DETAINS HER.

Monticello, N. Y., July 20 .- E. J. Ratcliffe, the actor, obtained an order from the Judge of Sullivan County to-day compelling a Dr. Lyon, of New-York, to appear within twenty-four hours and show cause why he has Ratcliffe's wife. Florence Ratcliffe, detained. Dr. Lyon is at White Lake, and has Mrs. Ratcliffe with him.

ARRESTED FOR SPITE, PERHAPS. AND ALL BECAUSE A SMALL TABLE HAD BEEN

PUT OUTSIDE HIS SHOP. George B. Sellman, a Greek florist, who has a shop at No. 463 Columbus-ave., was arrested last evening by Policeman J. M. Harris because a small evening by Policeman J. M. Harris because a small table had been placed outside the shop on the sidewalk. The sergeant at the West Sixty-eighthst. police station held the prisoner on Harris's complaint, although he expressed the belief that the case was trivial. Sellman said he had been arrested for spite, because another Greek recently gave information to Captain Thomas that Harris was absent from his post and hiding in a cellar in Columbus-ave. The Captain discovered Harris and caused him to be tried before a Commissioner.

WON'T BURY HER DEAD HUSBAND.

THE WIDOW OF A DEAD CRIPPLE SAYS SHE HAS MONEY IN THE BANK, BUT IT IS

GOING TO STAY THERE. Mrs. James Hanlon, the widow of the crippled confectioner of No. 1,102 First-ave., who poisoned himself with carbolic acid in Central Park on Monday night, leaving a letter saying that his wife by her drunken habits had ruined him and driven hir o seek death, called at the Morgue last night to see her husband's body. The woman was acc panied by another woman, who said she was a half-

men by another by another by and man.

Mrs. Hanlon wanted a lock of her husband's hair. and when it was given to her she knelt by the body and wept. Then she became excited, and said that and wept. Then she became the husband had been a worthless brute, who was beter dead than he had been alive. Two brothers of Hanion called at the Morgue while Mrs. Hanion was there. They spoke kindly to her, but she said she wanted nothing to do with any relative of her

nusband.

When she was asked if she would bury the body Mrs. Hanlon said she certainly would not. She had some little money in the bank, she said, and was going to let it stay there.

TWO INDIANS DIG OUT OF JAIL.

THEY WERE HELD IN CONNECTION WITH THE MURDER WHICH STARTED THE RECENT

TROUBLE IN MONTANA. Miles City, Mont. July 20.—Yellow Hair and Sam Crow, two Cheyenne Indians, who were ar-rested as accessries with Eugene Standing Elk for the murder of John Hoover, over whose death the late trouble on the Upper Rosebud took place, broke jail last night by digging through an eighevidence against them, but they were held as witnesses. They were confined in the women's department of the jail. They broke off a piece of iron

cen-inch wall There was no particularly strong the bed, with which they made a hole about two feet by one. A posse is out scouring the country for them, but with little hope of catching them. Sheriff Gibb and Under Sheriff Daly are now at Lame Deer Agency with warrants for the arrest of three more Cheyennes implicated in the

A HOLYOKE WHEELMAN KILLED. Springfield, Mass., July 20.-By a collision between

Springheid, Mass., and a reference beyeles ridden by Elias P. Ford and Arthur C. Gault last night, the former was fatally injured and the latter badly hurt. The accident occurred in Fairfield-ave. Holyoke. Mr. Ford lived until 2 o'clock this morning. He was a leading citizen of

RIKER'S DRUG STORE HAS REMOVED, And is now open for business in new building at southwest corner of Sixth avenue and TWENTY-THIRD Streat.—Advt.

MUST ACT OR GO TO JAIL.

REMARKABLE DEVOTION OF A DOG WHO AN ORDER SIGNED DIRECTING THE COM-MITMENT OF THE LONG ISLAND CITY POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

The Police Commissioners of Long Island City have put themselves into serious trouble. Yesterday Justice Cullen, of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, signed an order committing them to the jail in Long Island City. Some time ago the Appellate Division granted

an order directing John T. Grady, William Fitzgibbons and John Lawlor, as Police Commissioners, to reinstate Owen J. Kavanagh as a member of the police force. Kavanagh demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Court that he had been removed illegally. The Commissioners did not reinstate him, and a motion was made to punish them for contempt.

This was granted by the Appellate Division just before the Court adjourned, a few weeks ago, notwithstanding the claim of the respondents that no contempt was intended, that they had appealed to the Court of Appeals from the order directing the reinstatement of Kavanagh, and that the Appellate Court had no right to issue a mandamus, which should issue from the

The Appellate Court provided in the order of punishment for contempt that the Commissioners should be fined \$10 and that they should stand committed to the County Jail of Queens County until they compiled with the order of the Court directing them to reinstate Kavanagh.
Even after that the Commissioners did not put
Kavanagh back as a member of the force, so his
counsel went to Justice Cullen and asked for the
commitment under the order.
His request was granted, and the order directing the inversionment of the Commissioners has

ing the imprisonment of the Commissioners has been placed in the hands of the Sheriff of Queens County for immediate execution.

A PRISONER WITH THE GOUT.

THE DISCOVERY CAUSES MUCH COMMENT IN BELLEVUE HOSPITAL

There was some commotion about Bellevue Hos pital last evening, when it became known that the feet of Rose Barnes were swelling. Rose is a workhouse prisoner who has been doing work about the hospital laundry for the last ten days. Before she became a prisoner she lived at No. 92 Lewis-st. Three doctors looked at the woman without being able to determine what alled her Finally Dr. Pascal announced that the man's trouble was gout.

Nobody could understand why a female prisoner should have gout, but since she really did have it they put her in Ward No. 22. One of the cooks said he thought the trouble came from the extra fine meals given to prisoners.

HE KNEW HOW TO SHOOT.

A BRAVE BOY PREVENTS A TRAMP FROM ROBBING HIS FATHER'S STORE.

Paterson, July 20 (Special).-While Frank, the thirteen-year-old son of John Laughlin, proprietor of the Olympic Park Hotel, at Lake View, was aione in his father's place last night, a seedy-looking man entered and made a rapid move for the bar, where the cash register rested. Laughlin had left the boy in charge of the place only because of a peremptory summons, which called him to this city, and before leaving had told him that there was considerable money in the register, and that if any suspicious strangers came in to take no chances. Frank remembered these instructions, and as soon as he saw the man rush toward the cash register he pulled a revolver from a drawer in the back bar. The fellow saw him and quickly pulled up a heavy wooden chair with which to protect himself. He had no sooner done so than a bullet that the lad had meant for his head imbedded itself in the bottom of the chair. The fellow waited no longer, but ran from the place, cursing as he went. Laughlin returned about an hour later to find his boy keeping guard over the place with the revolver,

"Well, just as you said, pop," was the young-

"Well, just as you said, pop," was the youngster's greeting, "It came off."
"What do you mean?" was Laughlin's rather
anxious question
"Oh, I just shot a bum," was the cool reply,
Then the boy explained what had ha, pened, and
Laughlin went in search of the fellow. He not
only failed to find him, but could get no trace
of the chair, which the would-be robber had evidently carried off as a memento of his unpleasant
experience and young Laughlin's pluck.

SCHULZ SENTENCED TO DEATH.

A NEW TRIAL FOR THE CONVICTED WIFE MUR. DERER REPUSED.

Milford, Penn., July 20.-Judge Purdy to-day re-fused to grant the motion for a new trial in the case of Herman Paul Schulz. Sentence of death was then passed on the prisoner.

On June 13, after a trial which lasted a week, Schulz was convicted of the murder of his wife. He still maintains his innocence, saying that there was no reason why he should have killed the Mrs. Schulz was found dead in bed from a bullet wound. Schulz said he found her dead in the morning and asserted that he had not heard the pistol shot. He expressed the belief that she had committed suicide. After her burial he had committed suicide. After her outlaine was arrested in New-York City when about to sail for Europe, the charge of murder having been made by his son. The jury, after hearing the evidence, was convinced that Schulz had murdered his wife and returned a verdict of guilty.

STORMS AND FLOODS IN THE WEST.

SEVERAL PEOPLE KILLED BY LIGHTNING-SNOW IN COLORADO.

Cincinnati, July 29 .- A dispatch to "The Commercial-Tribune" from Marion, Ohio, says: "A suc cession of terrible electrical storms, with heavy rainfall, passed over the city and its vicinity. George Stout, while driving a mower, was killed by lightning. Charles Selter and William Sontag, mechanics, returning home from work, were struck down on the street. They may recover. Four men near Radnor, fifteen miles from this city, were

Denver, July 20.-A severe snowstorm is rep from all the higher portions in the mountain districts. Three inches of snow is reported at Cripple Creek, Aspen and other points, Leadville. The weather is uncomfortably cool even

Lodge Pole, Neb., July 29 .- A cloudburst six m west of this place washed out a mile of railroad track. All trains are tied up. Every dam between here and Sidney is washed out, and still they are

Pittsburg, July 20.-A cloudburst near Carnegie last night damaged property to the extent At the Panhandle mines of M. A. Hanna & Co. the pewder storehouse, railroad tracks and carr were washed away. The water rose so rapidly that the miners were forced to flee to the hills for

THE BIGGEST GAS WELL IN THIS STATE.

STRUCK NEAR BALDWINSVILLE THE DAILY FLOW - MORE THAN 5,000,000 PEET.

Syracuse, N. Y., July 20.-A dispatch to "The Post" from Baldwinsville says: "Another immensgas well has been developed on the Binning farm, half a mile northeast of Baldwinsville. It is by far the most prolific well yet found here. By actual test to-day the volume of gas flowing from it amounts to over five million feet every twenty-four hours. The pressure is intense, and must reach three thousand pounds to the square inch.

"The well is down 2,520 feet. It has been sunk into the Trenton rock 200 feet, where the great deposit of natural gas was struck. No such deposit ever before been disclosed in this State, and it is even said by experts that the flow exceeds any discovered in other States.

"The force of the gas which proceeds from the boring is so enormous that it will lift a weight of two hundred or three hundred pounds placed over the opening. It throws out particles of rock from depth of 2,529 feet a hundred feet into the air. When the rock is thrown out the particles are driven through pieces of soft wood as though they were shot from a gun. The well is now being piped and packed. This is done in order to save the waste of gas, which is great, amounting, thought, to the value of \$1,250 every twenty-four

DROVE HIMSELF TO JAIL.

CONSTERNATION CAUSED BY A BLUE-COAT.

POLICEMAN ALLEN, DRUNK AND UGLY, CREATED A SCENE IN THE DRYGOODS DISTRICT-LOCKED UP BY HIS CAPTAIN

AND SUSPENDED. A drunken policeman on a rampage is a rare sight in this city, but such a spectacle created much excitement at Church and Chambers sts. yesterday afternoon, and caused a large crowd of men in the drygoods district to gather and see the policeman drive himself to jail. He accomplished that feat after threatening to shoot some citizens, causing much consternation in the crowd. He is James S. Allen, a young policeman who has had considerable trouble to retain his place, and he probably will not be a policeman much longer, as he was locked up and

Policeman Allen is attached to the police station in Leonard-st., where he is now a prisoner. At 4 p. m. yesterday he attracted attention to himself at Chambers and Church sts., where he was on post in full uniform, by making frantic and vain attempts to light a cigarette. It is against the rules of the Department for a patrolman to smoke on post, and the men in the drygoods district who saw Allen struggling with matches and the cigarette knew at once that he was drunk. His appearance caused only amusement at first, but many men stopped to watch him. He swore at everybody in sight, and told the spectators to chase themselves away, but the

charge in a police court this morning.

crowd only increased in size. Perhaps with a view of making a diversion, Allen made his way to a truck that was standing in front of No. 106 Chambers-st. William Collmann, driver for O'Neill & Smith, of No. 99 Chambers-st., was sitting on the truck. The drunken policeman climbed up beside the driver, grabbed hold of his throat and threw him off the seat without the least provocation. Then, after nearly falling off the truck, Allen managed to get himself in the driver's seat, pick up the reins and start the team ahead. Several men in the crowd ran to the horses' heads, thinking

reins and start the team ahead. Several men in the crowd ran to the horses' heads, thinking it was unsafe for the intoxicated bluecoat to drive through a crowded street. They drew back in alarm when Allen made a motion to draw his revolver and declared with a volley of oaths that he would shoot if they didn't "let go dem hosses." He was then allowed to drive to the police station, followed by about a thousand men and boys.

Captain Cross was looking out of the window of the station when the policeman drove up, and he was amazed by the size of the hooting crowd that followed after. The first thing Allen tried to do when he got off the truck was to assault some of the men who were about to enter the station and make a complaint against him. Captain Cross promptly interfered, and, seeing that the policeman was drunk, ordered him inside the station. Then Allen wanted to arrest the driver of the truck, but, after a short investigation, in which several business men presented their cards and told what had happened, the driver was allowed to take his team and truck away. Captain Cross called a police surgeon, who examined Allen, and said the policeman was too drunk for police duty. Then the Captain made a complaint against Allen, and had him locked up in a cell. He also made a report to Deputy-Chief Cortright, who suspended Allen from duty.

Allen will be arraigned in a police court this morning, and probably will be fined for drunk-enness and disorderly conduct. He was appointed a member of the police force on March 28, 1806. He was formerly a member of the Brooklyn police force, but, it is said, was discharged for intoxication. He was dismissed from the police force in this city for making false statements in his application to get on the force, but he carried the case to the courts and was subsequently reinstated as a patrolman. Captain Cross says there are a number of complaints against him.

TOMBS MESSENGERS INVESTIGATED.

THE WARDEN AND COMMISSIONER WRIGHT QUES-

TIONED ABOUT Robert J. Wright, the Commissione was examined by the Grand Jury for half an hour yesterday in relation to discoveries made by some of the members of that body in the Tombs on Monday afternoon. Several of the Grand Jurymen who were there visiting the prison noticed a number of men going in and out of the prison at different times. These the jurymen thought were pediers, as they were seen handing articles to the prisoners

as they were seen handing articles to the prisoners and receiving money in return. The other members of the Grand Jury were informed of this, and it was decided to ask Commissioner Wright and Warden O'Shea what this proceeding meant.

Mr. Wright explained yesterday that the caterer who supplied the Tombs had two or three assistants, and they were employed at times by the prisoners to get writing materials and other articles for them. Some of the members of the Grand Jury thought that whiskey might thus be smuggled into the prison, but Mr. Wright said that would be impossible, as each man was searched every time heentered the place. Warden O'Shea gave similar testimons. It was said that the Grand Jury would make a

MONEY FOR A LIVE WIFE'S FUNERAL.

MAYOR GLEASON OF LONG ISLAND CITY AND HIS FRIENDS AMONG A MEAN HUSBAND'S VICTIMS. John Mullarkey, a bartender, of No. 31 Varickst., abandoned his sick wife five months ago, leav ing her helpless and destitute. She obtained shelt r at the New-York Foundling Asylum, where she remained with her infant. Hearing what had become of her, Mullarkey spread a report that she was dead, and began to borrow money from her former neighbors on the pretence of paying for her funeral. Having collected all the money he could in the neighborhood and spent it for drink, he went over to Long Island City, borrowed \$5 from Mayor Gleason, and then continued to borrow right and left from the Mayor's friends, all the time relating the story about his unburied wife. One day Mayor Gleason saw Mullarkey drinking, and learned that the funeral had not taken place. He sent a policeman to this city to make an investigation, and earned the truth. The investigation caused a detective of the York-

The investigation caused a detective of the Yorkville Court to go in search of Mullarkey with a
warrant, after Mrs. Mullarkey had been induced to
make an affidavit. Mullarkey had carried his woes
and his thirst to Jersey City, however, and a ruse
was needed to bring him back. Mrs. Mullarkey
was induced to write a letter stating that she had
received a legacy from Ireland, and when Mullarkey received that letter he thought not of funerals,
but hied him back to New-York with furious haste
and was arrested. At the Yorkville Court yesterday he was held in bonds to support his wife.

ANOTHER LYNCHING IN ALABAMA.

A NEGRO HANGED AND HIS BODY RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Birmingham, Ala., July 20\*(Special).-The body of George Richardson, colored, was found swing-ing from a tree near Alexander City, Tallapoosa County, this morning. Negroes cut the body down, and found it riddled with bullets. On Sunday night Richardson entered the home of Neal Baker, a Hackneyville farmer, and attempted to assault Mrs. Baker. She gave the alarm and the negro fied, effecting his escape through the window. Gathering the neighbors' hounds, the animals were placed on Richardson's track, and they followed nim to within four miles of Goodwater, where he was captured by Mr. Baker and a posse of a hunwas captured by Mr. Baker and a posse of a nun-died white men. The posse then started toward Alexander City to put the negro in jail. On the way he made a confession. Some one in the posse fired a bullet from a Winchester rifle into his back, A rope was then procured, and the negro was soon awinging from a tree. The posse, after filling the body with bullets, returned home.

ARRESTED FOR BRIBERY IN FALL RIVER. Fail River, Mass., July 20.—Councilman William Shay, of Ward 5, was arrested this afternoon. charged with accepting a sum of money for his vote on the award to Charles H. Farnham, an architect, of the contract for furnishing the pians for the new school building. ----

The most efficient morning isxative is Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient. "It tastes good, too." All drug-sista-Advt.

THE CURRENCY MESSAGE.

REPUBLICAN LEADERS IN THE HOUSE THINK IT WILL BE SENT IN TO-DAY.

Washington, July 20 (Special).-It was the general expectation of the Republican leaders in the House of Representatives this afternoon that President McKinley would send in a special message to-morrow recommending legislation authorizing the appointment of a Currency Commission, and defining its duties and functions, although it could not be ascertained that definite assurances to that effect had been received. Whether the message, if one shall be sent, will be accompanied by the draft of a bill of course nobody was prepared to say. It was reported, however, that the Secretary of the Treasury had recently conversed in an informal way with several financiers of National reputation on the subject, and the impression was consequently strong that he was ready to submit at least the outlines of the proposed legislation. It is regarded as altogether probable that if

suspended last evening, and he will face a the House of Representatives shall receive a message on the subject to-morrow, whether accompanied by the draft of a bill or not, it will be promptly considered and disposed of before the end of this session.

WILL ENGLAND PARTICIPATE?

GROWING PROBABILITY THAT SHE WILL SEND A

DELEGATE TO A SILVER CONFERENCE. London, July 20 .- The negotiations between the American Bimetallic Commission and the representatives of France and Great Britain have now reached the stage which renders it extremely probable that Great Britain will agree to participate in a conference to be held in Washington next fall.

BUILDING UP THE FRENCH NAVY.

A CREDIT OF 7,000,000 FRANCS VOTED BY BOTH

CHAMBERS. Paris, July 20.-The Chamber of Deputies today, by a vote of 518 against 18, without debate and after the Government had declared it a matter of urgency, adopted the recommendation of the Budget Committee granting a credit of 7,000,000 francs, to be included in the accounts of the current year, for commencing new warships, expediting the reconstruction of the Navy, and establishing a naval base at Bizerta, a fortified seaport of Tunis, and the most northern town of Africa.

The Senate unanimously adopted the naval credit of 7,000,000 francs.

AN ARMISTICE IN URUGUAY.

HOSTILITIES BETWEEN INSURGENTS AND GOV-ERNMENT TROOPS SUSPENDED FOR TWENTY-TWO DAYS.

London, July 20 .- A dispatch from Montevideo says that a twenty-two days' armistice between the insurgents and the Government troops has been signed pending negotiations for a compromise. A proposal has been made to nominate Senor

Ramirez as a candidate for the Presidency. FRAM TO EXPLORE GREENLAND'S COAST.

CAPTAIN SVERDRUP WILL COMMAND HER-DR. NANSEN TO JOIN A PARTY OF GEOLOGISTS. Berlin, July 20.—The "Lokalanzeiger" says that the Fram, the vessel on which Dr. Nansen's last polar expedition was made, will next year explore the western coast of Greenland. The Fram will be under the command of Captain Sverdrup, who

sailed with Dr. Nansen as navigator. Dr. Nansen, the "Lokalanzeiger" announces, will shortly make a tour of research with a party of

English and American geologists. CHINA WAKING UP.

HER ARMY TO BE REORGANIZED AND A NEW FLEET TO BE CONSTRUCTED.

"The Daily Mail's" B London, July 21. respondent says that China is about to reorganize ner army on the lines of the German military, and that orders for rifles have been placed in Germany A new Chinese fleet is to be constructed, one-half of the contracts for the new vessels going to England and the other haif to Germany. The Armstrongs will supply the guns for the new fleet.

TO MAKE A MODEL FARM FOR CHINA.

A CORNELL MAN GETS AN INVITATION FROM LI HUNG CHANG.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 20.-George A. Brill, of Poughquog, Dutchess County, who was graduated from Cornell University in 1888, recently received a message from Li Hung Chang offering him a liberal sum to organize and manage a model farm in China under the Government. He was born and reared in the country and is one of the best agriculturists in the State. He will accept the offer, and will soon start for China to enter on his du-

TWO INJURED BY A RUNAWAY HORSE.

A WOMAN CYCLIST KNOCKED DOWN AND A FIRE-MAN SPUN AROUND LIKE A TOP. A horse owned by Herman Mauder, of the Knickerbocker Stables at First-st, and Second-ave., and driven by John Hand, a vender, ran away in upper Third-ave, at noon yesterday, and in the course of its mad flight dashed for nearly two blocks on the sidewalk, knocking down a woman and hurling a freman against the wall of a house. The woman was Miss Emma Malhey, of No. 108 West Fortyseventh-st. She was badly bruised by the fall and was kicked in the back by the horse. She refused to go to a hospital, and was taken to her home after being attended by an ambulance surgeon. The fireman, whose name could not be learned, was severely bruised about the legs and body. He was

taken away by a friend, While standing untied in front of No. 2,360 Thirdave., which is near One-hundred-and-twentyeighth-st., the horse was frightened by an elevated train and started at a high rate of speed down the avenue, in which at the time were hundreds of persons. The animal had not gone more than a few feet before it had upset and partially wrecked a wagon. The force of the collision sent the horse on to the sidewalk. Everybody in the street had by this time seen the frenzied animal except Miss Malhey. She was walking along wheeling her bicycle, and when she saw the horse coming toward her she was so frightened that she seemed unable to move. The horse knocked her down and dashed on. She was picked up unconscious and carried into a drug store, where she soon revived.

Not far from where the woman was hurt was a fireman. He thought the horse would not come near him, but in passing him the animal swerved and sent him spinning around like a top against the side of a building. Between One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth and One-hundred-and-twenty-fifth sts. the wagon struck several cellar doors, demolishing them. The wagon was overturned and the horse knocked down. It was finally stopped by Policeman Lavendar, of the East One-hundred-and-twenty-sixth-st, station.

The driver of the wagon was prested, but released, as the injured persons refused to make a complaint against him. near him, but in passing him the animal swerved

IN A SNOWSTORM IN YELLOWSTONE PARK.

Mammoth Hot Springs, Wyo., July 20,-Two special trains have brought five hundred more Christian Endeavorers to Yellowstone Park, including the New-York contingent, a few from Pennsylvania and some from the New-Jersey delegation, the first section of which arrived Saturday. The delegates who arrived on Saturday, and are now in the interior of the Park, experienced the novelty of riding in a snowstorm in July. The snow melted almost as fast as it feli.

EXTRA RICH MILK.

Green Mountain Centified condensed milk comes from the choicest dairy district in the world, where the cows feed on the most nutritive grasses and the air is famed for its purity. It does not have the usual condensed milk flavor, but is like sweet cream. Those who wish the purest and best milk should use only the Green Mountain brand.—Advt.

PRICE THREE CENTS. TARIFF BILL IN THE SENATE

A CAMPAIGN OF OBSTRUCTION BEGUN

BY THE OPPOSITION. WHILE THEIR EFFORTS MAY DELAY A VOTE, IT IS NOT THOUGHT POSSIBLE THAT THE CON-

> FERENCE REPORT CAN BE REJECTED. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, July 20 .- The persistent obstrue

tion encountered by the tariff conference report couraged the hope that a vote to concur or nonconcur can be reached in the deliberative branch before the end of the week. The disgust, either assumed or genuine, of the Democratic managers at the failure of the Senate conferrees to insist on free cotton ties and free cotton bagging, and the anger of Silverites and Populists of the Rocky Mountain section at the restoration of the \$2 a thousand rate on white pine, found vent in a steady flow of bitter and impassioned criticism of the conference report, interspersed with threats to prolong the session indefinitely rather than allow the work of the

The most vehement advocate of a bushwhacking fight against the report was, naturally, the irritable and explosive pitchfork statesman from South Carolina, Mr. Tillman; but he was ably seconded in his campaign of bluster by Mr. Butler, of North Carolina; Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, whose amendment laying a duty of 20 per cent ad valorem on cotton was aban-Arkansas; Mr. Pettigrew and Mr. Teller. Practically no progress was made during the afternoon with the report, and when the Senate adjourned an agreement to fix a time for voting seemed so far in the distance that Mr. Allison forbore making any serious effort to bring the opposition to the point of putting a limit on its wn loquacity.

conferrees to go unchallenged and unreproved

But although the prospect of securing a vote within the next two or three days is far from reassuring, there is little ground for thinking that the dilatory fight threatened by the disappointed and disgruntled opponents of the report can be long maintained. It is evident to all the factions in the Senate that the report in its present shape has a clear majority of votes behind it, and that no combination can be formed which can assure either its sidetracking or rejection. No parliamentary proposal is in order while the report is pending except the motion to concur or non-concur in the findings of the conferrees; and to carry a motion to concur the Republican Senators will undoubtedly be aided by the votes of Messrs. Jones, of Nevada; Mantle, of Montana, and McEnery, of Louisiana. Mr. Kyle, of South Dakota, has started on a trip abroad and left word that he shall not be paired under any circumstances against the conference

So that even if the new Senator from Tennessee, Mr. Turley, arrives to fill the gap in the Democratic ranks left by Mr. Harris's death, the total opposition vote which could be mustered to defeat the report would be only fortytwo, against forty-six in its favor. The Republican side could even lose the votes of Mr. Mc-Enery and Mr. Mantle, and still carry a motion of concurrence with the aid of the casting vote of the Vice-President. But the report, when finally voted on, is likely to have a majority of at least

six or seven in its favor. THE PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL.

READING OF THE CONFERENCE REPORT ABOUT TWO-THIRDS COMPLETED. Washington, July 20 .- The tariff struggle was removed to the Senate to-day, but there was little evidence of an exciting contest when the session

Several of the Senators who have been ab sent from the city were back again, anticipating that every vote might be needed. The attendance in the galleries was greater than isual, although there was no crowd. On the desk before Mr. Allison, who is in charge of the bill, was the ponderous manuscript of the conter

port. Immediately after the prayer a message from the House announced the agreement of that body to the report. Considerable routine business was disposed of before the report was called up. The Vice-President announced, in response to an inquiry by Mr. Allen, that the pending Union Pacific resolution was the unfinished business, and would come up at 2 p. m. unless displaced. This drew from Mr. Morgan a statement of his purpose to have a full discussion of the pending question. It was intended, he said, to discuss the tariff report in all its political, financial and historical bearings Aside from this, it was proposed to secure consideration for the Union Pacific resolution, either by itself or during the tariff debate, if this became

essential. It was not an orderly practice, but Mr.
Morgan said that, when men were tied up and
lashed over the back they were not disposed to
stand on the niceties of procedure. It was more important to save \$50,000,000 by the Union Pacific resolution than to pass the Tariff bill. Mr. Allison mildly suggested that there was no disposition to cut off all reasonable consideration

of the report. It was too important, however, to give way to other questions which might be brought forward.

READING THE REPORT. The conference report was then read in detail. When the first clause was read Mr. Jones. of Arkansas, made an earnest protest against proceed-ing on the technical report without an intelligent explanation of its meaning. There had been no opportunity for the Democratic conferrees to consider it in committee. It had been rushed through the House in a single day, without time for preparation to discuss it there. It was due to the American people, he declared, that some explana-

The reading of the report then proceeded rapidly. There were frequent inquiries by Mr. Jones and brief explanations from Mr. Allison, but these did not cause material delay. Seven pages of the printed report, covering thirty-eight pages of the bill, were disposed of in the first half hour.

When the item of window-glass was reached Mr Jones read a telegram, just received from windowglass dealers of New-York, saying that the restorstion of the Dingley rate would place a duty equivalent to 140 per cent on this article, which would be prohibitory and would stop all revenue

A SKIRMISH OVER LUMBER.

The lumber amendments led to an animated debate. Mr. Teller and Mr. Vest contended that the \$2 rate on white pine and the retaliatory clause against Canadian logs in effect permitted double tax. Mr. Teller declared that the whole thing was conceived in the interest of a few mill men of Michigan, Minnesota and Wisconsin, and they would be enabled to raise the price of pine \$3 to \$4 per thousand feet.

Mr. Pettigrew severely criticised the conference

amendment, making personal references to the Michigan Senators. He said the \$2 rate was Michigan Senators. He said the \$2 rate was designed to benefit a few men who own what standing pine there is in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota. One Michigan lumberman was worth 10,000,000, and was prominent in Republican poli-tics. "He is the man who manipulates the election of Senators in Michigan," asserted Mr. Petti-This condition made the lumber amendm an important one to "the Michigan machine," he This one lumberman's \$10,000,000 against the influence and votes of ten thousand men of ordinary means. The conference report men of ordinary means. The conference report ought to be rejected on this lumber item. It was

full of tricks, he said. Commenting on a newspaper clipping as to a gathering of lumbermen in Mr. Burrows's room, Mr. Pettigrew said it showed that the pine amendment would take over \$5,000,000 out of the pockets of the people and put it in the pockets of "this little group people and put it in the pockets of "this little group." of lumbermen gathered in Burrows's room." While the bill was full of such tricks, Mr. Pettigrew as-

serted that the lumber rate was one of the worst and most barefaced tricks of the whole bill. The debate was fruitless of result and the reading of the report proceeded until the amendments to the sugar schedule were reached.

Mr. Vest said this was the storm centre of the